

Detectable for 60 days or more

Most GCs are eliminated from your body within 3-5 days, but some take 60 days or more to be undetectable to doping control. The time it takes for this to occur is known as the "washout" period.

Sometimes, an in-competition test sample may be positive for GCs after an out-of-competition injection. In these cases, you must be prepared to apply for a retrospective Therapeutic Use Exemption (TUE).

TUEs for GC injections

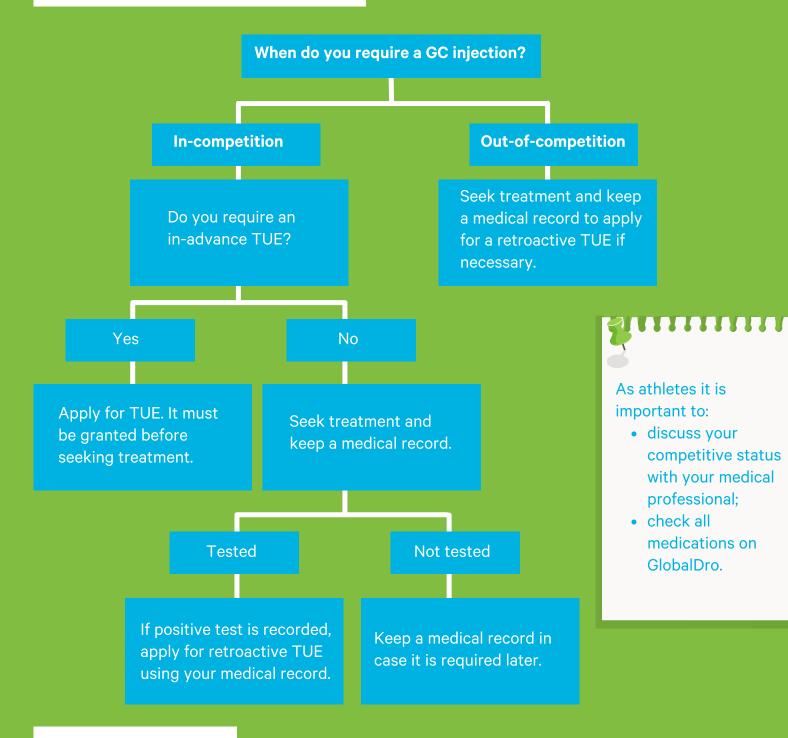
If you are prescribed a GC injection during the in-competition period then you'll need to know if you require an in-advance TUE. Our TUE decision-making chart will help you work it out.

If you don't require an in-advance TUE, or you require a GC injection out-of-competition then you should ask your doctor to make comprehensive medical records relating to your GC treatment and share these with you. They will be required if you need to apply for a retroactive TUE.

In a medical emergency such as an acute asthma attack or violent allergic reaction, your health comes first. Always get the treatment you need.



TUE decision-making chart



Medical records

Your medical record is required when applying for a TUE and should include:

- a medical diagnosis where a GC injection is the recognised treatment;
- evidence that a permitted alternative was tried, unavailable or not considered the best treatment option;
- the date and specific GC given, dose and by what means (such as a copy of the radiologist report if the injection is given under ultrasound or X-ray guidance).